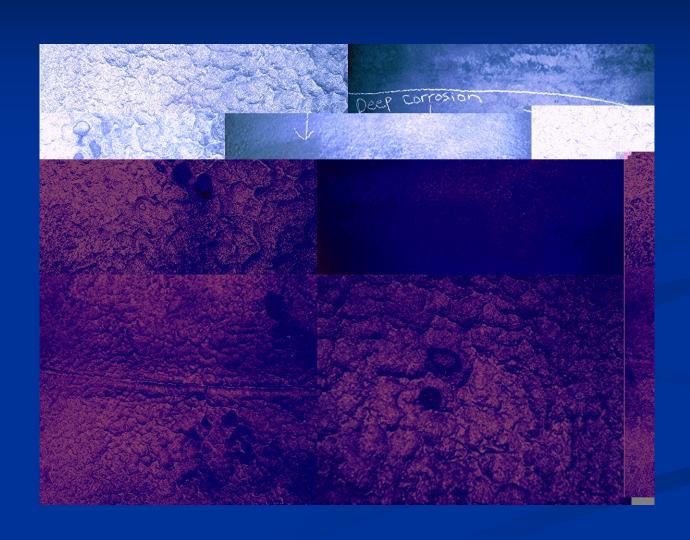
# MOLTEN SULPHUR LININGS 2006 update BY LARRY HOPPER BILL HANNEMANN

JIM MOLNAR

#### Corrosion from Sulphur Service



#### Molten Sulphur Corrosion Damage



#### WHAT HAPPENED?

- LINING REQUIREMENTS ARRIVED AFTER AAR REVIEWS A CTC REPORT ON A MOLTEN SULPHUR RAIL CAR INCIDENT IN CANADA
- COATINGS WERE DEVELOPED OR ADAPTED FOR LINING TANK CARS IN MOLTEN SULPHUR SERVICE
- WORKING WITH THE AAR, THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CORROSION ENGINEERS DEVELOPED A STANDARD FOR SELECTING AND APPLYING COATINGS FOR MOLTEN SULPHUR SERVICE

#### NACE TASK GROUP 067 CREATED TO WRITE A SPECIFICATION

- TANK CAR BUILDERS
- TANK CAR OWNERS
- COATING MANUFACTURERS
- SHIPPERS OF MOLTEN SULPHUR
- TANK CAR REPAIR SPECIALISTS
- THE SULPHUR INSTITUTE

## MATERIAL SELECTION CRITERIA

COATING SYSTEM SHALL POSSESS THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES TO BE SUITABLE FOR TRANSPORTING MOLTEN SULFUR:

- A MINIMUM IMMERSION TEMPERATURE RATING IN MOLTEN SULFUR AT 325°F
- CHEMICAL-RESISTANT PROPERTIES TO MOLTEN SULFUR
- THE ABILITY TO WITHSTAND 10 THERMAL SHOCK CYCLES FROM -40 TO 325°F
- COATING SHALL EXHIBIT ACCEPTABLE ADHESION AND RESIST MECHANICAL DAMAGE

## A TWO PART STANDARD-PART 1: COATING SELECTION

- CHEMICAL RESISTANCE TEST
- DRY HEAT RESISTANCE TEST
- **ADHESION TEST**
- IMPACT RESISTANCE TEST
- **THERMAL SHOCK TEST**

## PART 2: APPLICATION

- CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION OF USED TANK CARS
- SURFACE PREPARATION
- APPLICATION
- INSPECTION

#### **PROBLEMS**

 WITHIN TWO YEARS IT IS REPORTED THAT COATINGS MEETING THE NACE TEST CRITERIA MAY FAIL AFTER A SHORT TIME

 NACE GOES TO WORK DEVELOPING MORE RIGOROUS COATING MATERIAL SELECTION CRITERIA

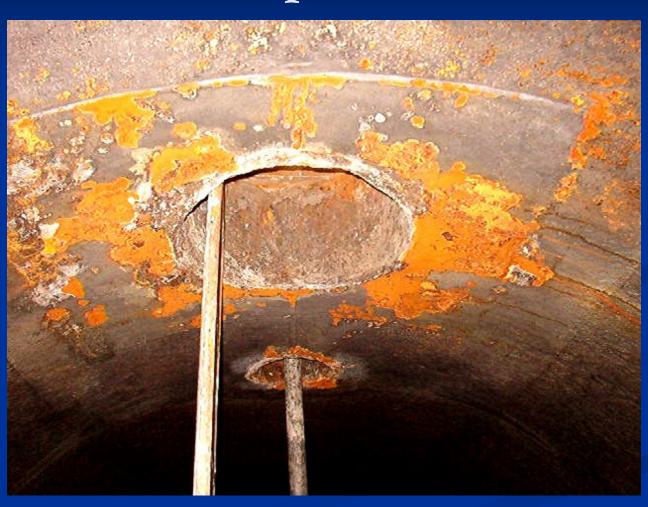
#### Blistered Coating



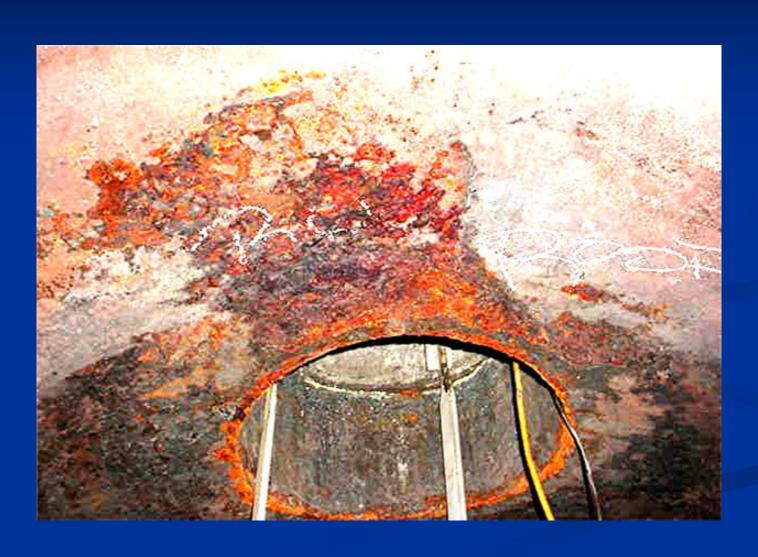
#### Coating Failure at Nozzle



## Coating Failure at Nozzle / Vapor Space



#### Coating Failure at Nozzle



#### Mudcracking of Coating



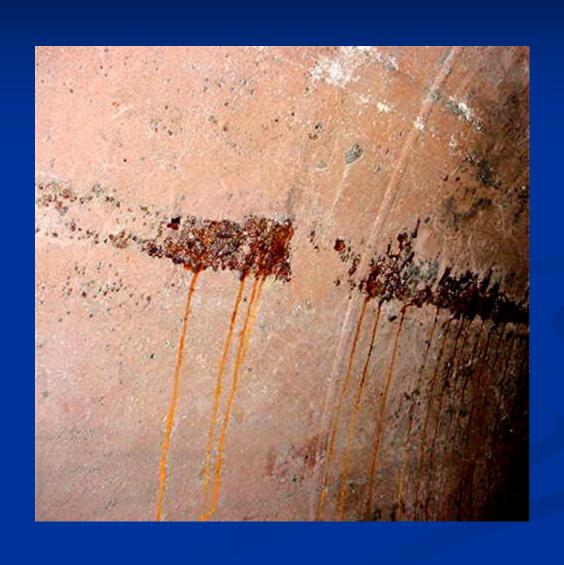
#### Delamination From Substrate



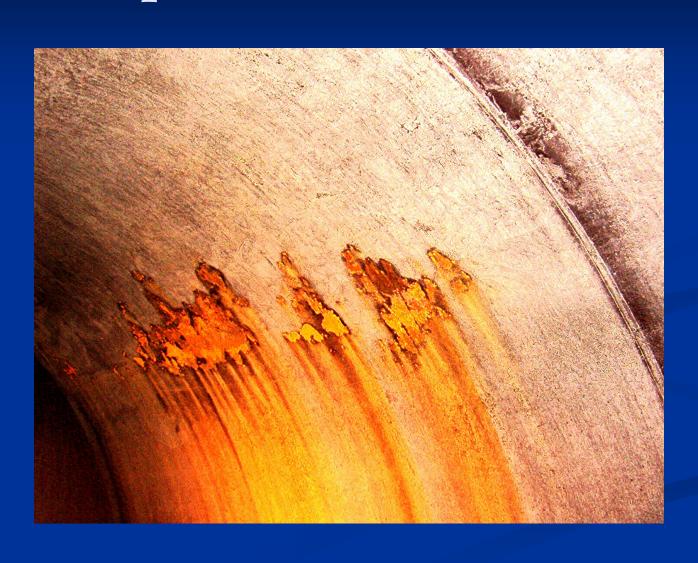
#### Vapor Zone Coating Failure



#### Sidewall Corrosion Failure



#### Liquid Line Corrosion



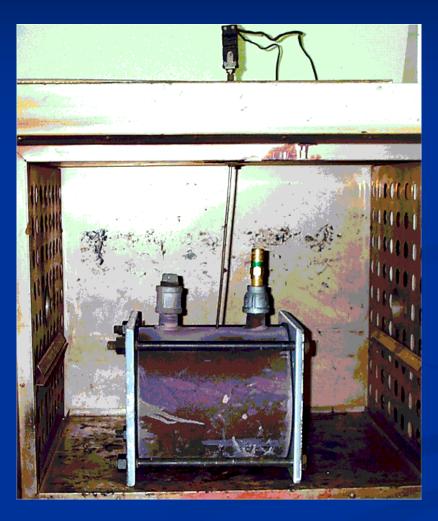
#### ONE MAN'S QUEST

WORK IS DONE BY JIM MOLNAR & CO.
 TO DEVELOP A TEST THAT MORE
 ACCURATELY REPRESENTS THE
 VARIOUS PHENOMENA THAT HAVE
 BEEN OBSERVED TO TRANSPIRE IN A
 RAILCAR CARRING MOLTEN SULPHUR.

#### Cyclical Chemical Resistance Test

- The test cell should be capable of withstanding a minimum operating pressure 125 psi at an operating temperature of 340°F and be equipped with an appropriate pressure-relief device for safety.
- The test cell should be filled to one-half its capacity with an ambient temperature representative sample of sulfur typically transported in rail tank cars along with tap water equal to 1.5% by weight of the sulfur.
- The test cell with sulfur and the tap water shall be heated in an oven over a 3.5-hour ramp heating period to 325°F and soaked for three hours at a temperature of 325°F. Cool down to ambient temperature over a 5 hour period shall be allowed.
- The test cycle shall be repeated for 25 days or a minimum of 50 cycles.
- The test cell interior surface preparation, type of coating, sulfur source, and results of the test should be recorded.

## ASSEMBLED TEST CELL SHOWN IN OVEN



## ASSEMBLED TEST CELL SHOWN IN OVEN



## VERIFICATION BY COMPARISION

CROSS TESTING OF VARIOUS COATING
MATERIALS SAMPLES HAS SHOWN RESULTS
THAT MIMIC ACTUAL FAILURE MODE AS
SEEN IN TANK CARS CARRYING MOLTEN
SULPHUR

CYCLICAL CHEMICAL RESISTANCE TEST
ADDED TO REVISED NACE SPECIFICATION

#### Sample of Test Cylinder



#### Sample of Test Panel



### WORKING ON LIFE EXTENSION

#### NACE TASK GROUP 067 CONTINUES TO WORK ON MOLTEN SULPHUR CONCERNS

- MORE COMPLETE REMOVAL OF NONVISIBLE CONTAMINENTS
- USE OF AN INERT GAS BLANKET
- COATING MAINTENANCE METHODOLOGIES

#### COATING MAINTENANCE

- PERIODIC INSPECTION
- IF YOU FIND A PROBLEM --- START LOOKING FOR PATTERNS
  - USED CAR?
  - COATING MATERIAL
  - APPLICATION FACILITY
  - OTHER CAR WITH SAME PROBLEM FROM THAT GROUP?

#### COATING MAINTENANCE

(continued)

- DETERMINE OPTIMAL MACRO- AND MICRO-CONTAMINANT REMOVAL METHODS
- DETERMINE REPAIR FREQUENCY AND METHODS FOR HIGH HEAT FLUX AND OTHER AREAS
- MONITOR COATING REPAIR LONGEVITY

#### WHAT'S AN OWNER TO DO?

- SUBMIT COATING CANDIDATE SAMPLES TO LABORATORIES FOR EVALUATION
- COMPARE RESULTS AND MAKE THE BEST DECISION YOU CAN
- MONITOR CARS AND ASSESS ACTUAL COATING CONDITION TO WARD OFF TANK DAMAGE
- LOOK IN AS MANY CARS AS POSSIBLE
- DO TRIAL CARS WITH DIFFERENT COATINGS AND MONITOR THEM, MINIMIZING AS MANY VARIABLES AS POSSIBLE

AT THIS POINT, SULPHUR CAR COATING MAINTENANCE IS A WORK IN **PROGRESS**